

# State of Misconsin **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU**

# Appendix A ... segment I

### LRB BILL HISTORY RESEARCH APPENDIX

The drafting file for  $2013\ LRB-2478/P3$  (For: Rep. Vruwink)

has been copied/added to the drafting file for

2013 LRB-1449 (For: Re. Vruwink)

Are These "Companion Bills" ?? ... No

# RESEARCH APPENDIX -PLEASE KEEP WITH THE DRAFTING FILE

Date Transfer Requested: 10/02/2013 (Per: TJD)

The attached draft was incorporated into the new draft listed above. For research purposes the attached materials were added, as a appendix, to the new drafting file. If introduced this section will be scanned and added, as a separate appendix, to the electronic drafting file folder.

# 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

BIII								
Receiv	ved:	3/15/2013				Received By:	tdodge	
Wante	ed:	As time pe	ermits			Same as LRB:		
For:		Amy Sue	Vruwink (6	508) 266-8366	<b>5</b>	By/Representing:	Karl Franzen	
May C	Contact:					Drafter:	tdodge	
Subjec	ct:	Occupation	onal Reg	prof lic		Addl. Drafters:	mduchek	
						Extra Copies:		
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Topic	:			<u> </u>				
Licens	sure of c	oroners, me	edical exam	iners, and med	dicolegal i	nvestigation staff		
Instru	ections:							
See at	tached							
Draft	ing Hist	ory:						
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/P1	mduch 6/18/2		calvin /20/2013	phenry 6/20/2013		srose 5/31/2013		
/P2	mduch	ek ev	vinz	ifrantze		sbasford		Crime

**LRB-2478** 8/20/2013 2:59:20 PM Page 2

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u> 8/19/2013	Reviewed 8/20/2013	Typed 8/20/2013	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u> 7/17/2013	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>
/P3					sbasford 8/20/2013		State S&L Crime

FE Sent For:

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# 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Recei	ved:	3/15/2013				Received By:	tdodge		
Wanted: As time permit			mits	s Same		Same as LRB:	ame as LRB:		
For:		Amy Sue Vi	uwink (	608) 266-836	66	By/Representing:	Karl Franzen		
May (	Contact:					Drafter:	tdodge		
Subjec	ct:	Occupations	al Reg	prof lic		Addl. Drafters:	mduchek		
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Licens	sure of c	oroners, medi	cal exam	niners, and me	edicolegal	investigation staff			
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LRB-2478 7/17/2013 2:45:41 PM Page 2

<u>Typed</u> 7/17/2013 <u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> 7/17/2013 Reviewed 7/17/2013 **Proofed** Submitted 7/17/2013

Required **Jacketed** 

FE Sent For:

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## 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

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Received:

3/15/2013

Received By:

tdodge

Wanted:

As time permits

Same as LRB:

For:

Amy Sue Vruwink (608) 266-8366

By/Representing: Karl Franzen

May Contact:

Drafter:

tdodge

Subject:

Occupational Reg. - prof lic

Addl. Drafters:

mduchek

Extra Copies:

Submit via email:

YES

Requester's email: Carbon copy (CC) to:

Rep.Vruwink@legis.wisconsin.gov tamara.dodge@legis.wisconsin.gov

michael.duchek@legis.wisconsin.gov

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Licensure of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff

**Instructions:** 

See attached

**Drafting History:** 

Vers. Drafted

Reviewed

Proofed

**Submitted** 

**Jacketed** 

Required

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tdodge

5/30/2013

/P1

mduchek 5/31/2013 scalvin 5/31/2013 ifrantze 5/31/2013

**Typed** 

srose

5/31/2013

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# 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill							
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Wanted:	Wanted: As time permits			Same as LRB:			
For:	Amy Sue Vru	wink (608) 266-8	366 F	By/Representing: Karl Franzen			
May Contact:				Orafter:	tdodge		
Subject:	Occupational	Reg prof lic	A	Addl. Drafters:	mduchek		
			E	Extra Copies:			
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Pre Topic:							
No specific	pre topic given						
Topic:							
Licensure of	coroners, medica	al examiners, and	medicolegal inv	vestigation staff	/		
Instructions	s:						
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FE Sent For:							

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#### Duchek, Michael

From:

Franzen, Karl

Sent:

Friday, August 16, 2013 1:46 PM

To:

Duchek, Michael

Subject:

**RE: Draft comments** 

Yes, I suppose I could have made that simpler by only addressing the change that needed to be made.

At this time, let us get one more preliminary draft. We are still in conversations about whether this will be introduced as one or two bills.

Thank you,

Karl F. Franzen Office of Rep. Amy Sue Vruwink State Capitol, Room 112 North P.O. Box 8953, Madison, WI 53708-8953 608-266-8366 (office) | 888-534-0070 (toll free) karl.franzen@legis.wisconsin.gov

From: Duchek, Michael

Sent: Friday, August 16, 2013 1:44 PM

To: Franzen, Karl

Subject: RE: Draft comments

Karl,

It looks like at this point you are only requesting one change (below, in red). So I can add a provision requiring a person to inform the board when they are elected/appointed/hired and when they leave their position. Is that correct?

As for the next step, did you now want an introducible bill, or another preliminary draft? Did you still want to consider combining this with the other draft? Or, do you want me to just hold off on doing anything?

-Mike

From: Franzen, Karl

**Sent:** Friday, August 16, 2013 1:34 PM

To: Duchek, Michael Subject: Draft comments

Thank you Michael. In response to your comments/questions:

20.165 (1) (hr): yes, consistent with intent

440.03 (13) (b) 38m: makes sense 440.08 (2) (a) 46t: this is okay

463.05 (1): First note is okay; second note concerning informing the board of incoming or departing coroners/MEs. This

would be helpful.

4

463.05 (2): Yes, fee language accomplishes intent

463.15: I understand what you mean; however, it makes sense to me to keep the title and duty referred to separately for misdemeanor language, especially since we do not want to overly define the duties of coroner 463.10: changes look good, including for licenses provided to individuals who are not required to have them. End comment: keep one year delay for now. Will change closer to bill intro if needed.

Thank you.

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### Dodge, Tamara

From:

Franzen, Karl

Sent:

Friday, March 15, 2013 2:57 PM

To: Subject: Dodge, Tamara RE: Coroner bill

Hi Tami -

As mentioned, we are going to add to this draft. We are going to add the creation of an oversight board and are looking for language similar to a previous bill from 2007-08 Session (AB 783, LRB-2766). I have attached relevant parts here. The difference is that the board should be under DSPS, not DOJ. Let me know if you have questions.

Thank you.

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1

2007 - 2008 Legislature

-7-

LRB-2766/2 RLR:bjk:rs

#### **ASSEMBLY BILL 783**

mental health treatment records without informed consent for the purpose of conducting a death investigation.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

#### The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 15.255 (3) of the statutes is created to read: 2 15.255 (3) BOARD ON MEDICOLEGAL INVESTIGATIONS. There is created a board on 3 medicolegal investigations that is attached to the department of justice under s. 4 15.03 and that shall consist of the following members appointed for staggered 6-year 5 terms: 6 (a) A coroner, a medical examiner, and a forensic pathologist, who are members 7 of the Wisconsin Coroners and Medical Examiners Association. 8 (b) A member of the Wisconsin Funeral Directors Association. 9 (c) A member of the Wisconsin District Attorney's Association. 10 (d) A member of the Wisconsin Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs Association. (e) A member of the Wisconsin Chiefs of Police Association, Inc. 11 12 (f) A member of the Wisconsin Counties Association. 13 (g) The attorney general or his or her designee. 14 (h) The state public defender or his or her designee. 15 Section 2. 17.103 of the statutes is created to read: 16 17.103 Cause to remove coroner or medical examiner. Failure of a 17 coroner to satisfy the testing and training requirements for coroners under s. 165.65 18 (1) constitutes cause for the governor to remove a coroner under s. 17.09 (5). Failure 19 of a medical examiner to satisfy the testing or training requirements for medical

## 2007 - 2008 Legislature

- 15 -

LRB-2766/2 RLR:bjk:rs SECTION 28

## **ASSEMBLY BILL 783**

1	165.50 (4) The attorney general may order and represent the state in an
2	inquest as provided under s. 979.04 (1) or may order a preliminary investigation into
3	a death as provided under s. 979.04 (3).
4	SECTION 29. 165.65 of the statutes is created to read:
5	165.65 Board on medicolegal investigations. The board on medicolegal
6	investigations shall do all of the following:
7	(1) Promulgate rules establishing testing and training requirements for
8	coroners, deputy coroners, medical examiners, and medical examiners' assistants.
9	(2) If a coroner does not satisfy the testing and training requirements for
10	coroners under sub. (1), notify the governor and the appropriate county board.
11	(3) If a medical examiner does not satisfy the training and testing requirement
12	for medical examiners under sub. (1), notify the appropriate county board.
13	(4) Promulgate rules establishing standards for the content and maintenance
14	of coroner and medical examiner death investigation records under s. 979.032.
15	(5) Promulgate rules regarding public access to coroner and medical examiner
16	death investigation records under s. 979.032.
17	(6) Create a form that coroners and medical examiners shall use to issue
18	permits for disinterment or reinterment under s. 69.18 (4).
19	SECTION 30. 346.71 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
20 .	346.71 (2) In cases of death involving a motor vehicle in which the decedent was
21	the operator of a motor vehicle, a pedestrian 14 years of age or older or a bicycle or
22	electric personal assistive mobility device operator 14 years of age or older and who
23	died within 6 hours of the time of the accident, the coroner or medical examiner of
24	the county where the death occurred shall require that a blood specimen of at least
25	10 cc. be withdrawn from the body of the decedent within 12 hours after his or her

#### Dodge, Tamara

From:

Franzen, Karl

Sent:

Tuesday, April 23, 2013 2:36 PM

To:

Dodge, Tamara

Subject:

RE: Coroner draft questions

Hi Tami,

Thanks for the questions. I'm going to answer in stages. I'll try to answer succinctly. Please call if you want/need clarification.

1. It is not our intention to change requirements to run for coroner and that would hold true for running for reelection as well. If an elected coroner did not get their 24 hours in the second two years, they could still run for re-election; however, if they continued to not comply after winning re-election, then the Board would follow through on process toward recommendation for removal. So – yes, they can be on ballot, yes they can be on ballot if in process of being removed, yes they can be on the ballot if they had their license revoked before. Since that is the case, nomination paper deadlines will not play a role. We also do not want to put licensing requirements on Governor appointees to fill vacancies. Rather, those appointees should be treated as a newly elected coroner...they would have two years to complete 40, etc etc.

County Boards can hire whoever they wish for medical examiner, even if they have had their license revoked. However, without a license, that individual will not be able to perform death investigations.

- 2. Individuals could certainly get training individually prior to becoming a coroner. If that were the case, and they had the proper certification at the time of election or hire, they would go immediately to the 24 hours/2 years continuing education requirement. We had not considered a licensing fee. Let me get back to you on that.
- 3. I'm not sure I like the term probationary license...In my opinion, they get a license, but initially must complete 40 hours to keep it rather than 24. Really, its always probationary in that the requirements have to be continually maintained. However, yes any staff needing licensing can be hired without existing training. Not all staff need a license only those who are conducting death investigations. Appropriate terms could be "Coroner, Chief Deputy Coroner, Deputy Coroner, Medical Examiner, Chief Deputy Medical Examiner, Deputy Medical Examiner" or collectively medicolegal death investigators. Funding will be included for individuals who need the license not for the administrative staff interested in advancing their certification, but do not conduct death investigations as part of their job.
- 4. The Director would be appointed by the Governor, but not be a member of the board. DSPS, not the Board, would hire the employees not the board. Guidance on this came from the Governor's office, but I will explore this more and get back to you.

Thank you for the efforts. We are hoping that we can get a final draft pretty soon. I'll be in touch on what I've promised soon.

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karl.franzen@legis.wisconsin.gov

From: Dodge, Tamara

Sent: Thursday, April 18, 2013 11:18 AM

To: Franzen, Karl Cc: Duchek, Michael

Subject: Coroner draft questions

Karl,

As I mentioned earlier in the week, I have some questions on the coroner draft. Since the board and qualifications provision would be drafted in DSPS, I am copying Mike Duchek of our office on this email as he will be assisting in drafting those DSPS provisions.

Your office used the phrase "lay medical examiners" and I am using "non-physician medical examiners" to describe those individuals.

1. Election of coroners. I seem to be running into problems drafting coroner provisions because of the election involved. What happens to coroners who get the first 40 hours of education but fail to maintain the next 24 hours? Can they be on the ballot for reelection? Can they be on the ballot if their license has been revoked and they are in the process of being removed? Can they ever get on a ballot again if their license has ever been revoked? What if they are on the ballot and their license is revoked?

If the coroner needs to have satisfied their education requirements before reelection, does this mean they need to have the education hours before the time nomination papers are due, which would give them less than 2 years?

Part of what makes this complicated is the dichotomy between brand new coroners and coroners running for reelection. For someone with no experience, he or she doesn't need a license or any experience ahead of time and so can just get right on the ballot. A coroner who is running for reelection must have the appropriate hours and a valid license. As a comparison, district attorneys must have a law license to get on the ballot, but they need the license prior to their first swearing in and need the license for every subsequent reelection bid. There is no difference in qualification between a brand new D.A. and one running for reelection.

Also, what happens if a vacancy occurs in the office of coroner. The Wisconsin Constitution provides for appointment by the governor, but what requirements does that individual need to fulfill for the remainder of the term? Can the governor appoint someone with no medicolegal investigation education?

For non-physician medical examiners, will I need to direct the county board not to appoint a medical examiner whose license has been revoked?

- 2. Will the coroners, medical examiners, or staff be able to pay for education so they can get licensed before running for or being appointed to the position? In many professions the license to practice the profession is separate from the employment in the profession. For example, I went to law school and obtained my law license. I can pay for continuing legal education to maintain my law license even if I am not working as a lawyer. Will the situation be the same here? Is there a licensing fee for acting coroners, medical examiners, or staff or for individuals who are not yet coroners, medical examiners, or staff?
- 3. We discussed that coroners and non-physician medical examiners can get a probationary license upon election or appointment even with no experience or medicolegal investigation education. What about the medicolegal investigation staff? Do they all get probationary licenses too or should there be some other way of

grandfathering them in? Should a coroner or medical examiner be prohibited from hiring or appointing staff who are not licensed? Deputy coroner or Chief Deputy Death investigators....
Will staff get the first two years of education paid for by the state too?

4. Director. If I am understanding correctly, the board members are appointed by the governor and the deputy director is also appointed by the governor. That seems very unusual for an examining board, which is what I expect this board will be. If there is a dispute between the board and the deputy director, who prevails? Is the director on the board?

What are the director's powers and duties considering that there is a board and the board is attached to DSPS? How does the director interact with DSPS? (The statutes provide that disputes between the examining board and the secretary of DSPS are mediated by the governor.)

Have you spoken to DSPS about how examining boards work and how your idea fits into their typical mode of operation of examining boards?

Also, DSPS usually hires their own employees, but here it sounds like you want the board to hire the employees, is that correct?

Those are the big issues for now, please let me know if you have any questions. Thanks,
Tami

#### Tamara J. Dodge

Attorney
Wisconsin Legislative Reference Bureau
P.O. Box 2037
Madison, WI 53701-2037
(608) 267 - 7380
tamara.dodge@legis.wisconsin.gov

#### Dodge, Tamara

From:

Franzen, Karl

Sent:

Friday, May 10, 2013 2:11 PM

To:

Dodge, Tamara

Subject:

Update

Hi Tami,

How's it going? I realize I still owe you a couple answers. Here's one – the draft language should permit the board to approve a licensing fee although it should be clear that the fee should be reasonable and not intended to be a funding source for large programs.

I will be in touch with what I understand to be the last aspect – exact structure of position Monday. Hopefully, we can get a draft soon after, even if still rough, next week.

Thanks,

Karl F. Franzen

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#### Dodge, Tamara

From:

Franzen, Karl

Sent:

Tuesday, May 14, 2013 12:16 PM

To: Subject: Dodge, Tamara Final question

1. Director. If I am understanding correctly, the board members are appointed by the governor and the deputy director is also appointed by the governor. That seems very unusual for an examining board, which is what I expect this board will be. If there is a dispute between the board and the deputy director, who prevails? Is the director on the board?

What are the director's powers and duties considering that there is a board and the board is attached to DSPS? How does the director interact with DSPS? (The statutes provide that disputes between the examining board and the secretary of DSPS are mediated by the governor.)

Have you spoken to DSPS about how examining boards work and how your idea fits into their typical mode of operation of examining boards?

Also, DSPS usually hires their own employees, but here it sounds like you want the board to hire the employees, is that correct?

#### Tami,

We are going to structure this as an examining board consistent with existing DSPS structure. Therefore, the board will be assigned to an Executive Director and other support functions will be provided by existing DSPS departments. The Office of Exam and Education will carry out board decisions regarding training requirements. DSPS will hire any support necessary, so we will keep language discussing the intended duties of the project position.

Is that enough? Need more from me?

Karl F. Franzen

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# State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



In 5/31/13 Due today

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT ...; relating to: creating a medicolegal investigation examining board; licensure of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members; granting rule-making authority; and making an appropriation.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a subsequent version of this draft.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. 15.405 (18) of the statutes is created to read:
- 15.405 (18) MEDICOLEGAL INVESTIGATION EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a medicolegal investigation examining board in the department of safety and professional services that shall consist of the following members appointed for 6-year terms:
- (a) One coroner, one medical examiner, and one forensic pathologist, each of whom are members of the Wisconsin Coroners and Medical Examiners Association.

SECTION 1

1	(b) One licensed funeral director.
2	(c) One member of the Wisconsin District Attorneys' Association.
3	(d) One member of the Wisconsin Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs Association.
4	(e) One member of the Wisconsin Chiefs of Police Association.
5	(f) One member of the Wisconsin Counties Association.
6	(g) The attorney general or his or her designee.
7	(h) The state public defender or his or her designee.
8	(i) One public member.
	****NOTE: Note that the public member appointed to the board will be subject to the provisions in s. 15.08 (1m), stats. If that person should be exempted from any of those provisions, let me know.
9	SECTION 2. 20.005 (3) (schedule) of the statutes: at the appropriate place, insert
10	the following amounts for the purposes indicated:
11	2013-14 2014-15
12	20.165 Safety and professional services,
12 13	20.165 Safety and professional services, department of.
	, and proceedings of the control of
13	department of.
13 14	department of.  (1) Professional regulation and administrative
13 14 15	department of.  (1) Professional regulation and administrative services.
13 14 15 16	department of.  (1) Professional regulation and administrative services.  (b) Medicolegal investigation
13 14 15 16	department of.  (1) Professional regulation and administrative  Services.  (b) Medicolegal investigation  examining board. GPR B 750,000 750,000  ****Note: By law, unless there is an emergency, this bill may not pass until after
13 14 15 16	department of.  (1) PROFESSIONAL REGULATION AND ADMINISTRATIVE  SERVICES.  (b) Medicolegal investigation  examining board. GPR B 750,000 750,000  ****Note: By law, unless there is an emergency, this bill may not pass until after the budget.  ****Note: Please confirm that this is the appropriate type of appropriation you want created and how much money you want specified in each fiscal year, for purposes
13 14 15 16 17	department of.  (1) Professional regulation and administrative services.  (b) Medicolegal investigation  examining board. GPR B 750,000 750,000  ****Note: By law, unless there is an emergency, this bill may not pass until after the budget.  ****Note: Please confirm that this is the appropriate type of appropriation you want created and how much money you want specified in each fiscal year, for purposes of base budgeting in succeeding fiscal biennia.

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coroner, non-physician medical examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff
member under s. 463.10; to establish regional training centers under s. 463.05 (1) (c);
to obtain, accredit, and provide for handling for a cadaver dog; and to provide support
to the medicolegal investigation examining board in the performance of its duties
and functions.

Section 4. 20.165 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.165 (1) (g) General program operations. The amounts in the schedule for the licensing, rule making, and regulatory functions of the department, other than the licensing, rule-making, and credentialing functions of the medical examining board and the affiliated credentialing boards attached to the medical examining board and except for preparing, administering, and grading examinations. Ninety percent of all moneys received under chs. 440 to 480, except eh. chs. 448 and 463, ss. 440.03 (13), 440.05 (1) (b), and 446.02 (3) (a), less \$10 of each renewal fee received under s. 452.12 (5), and all moneys transferred from the appropriation under par. (i) and all moneys received under s. 440.055 (2), shall be credited to this appropriation.

History: 1971 c. 125; 1973 c. 90, 156, 333; 1975 c. 39; 1977 c. 29, 400, 418; 1979 c. 34; 1979 c. 175 s. 53; 1979 c. 221 s. 2202 (45); 1981 c. 20; 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1989 a. 31, 307; 1991 a. 167, 269, 315; 1993 a. 16, 102, 490; 19% a. 27, 461; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2007 a. 20; 2009 a. 28, 111; 2011 a. 32 ss. 447 to 476, 478, 480 to 484, 486 to 488, 494 to 495; 2011 a. 146.

SECTION 5. 440.03 (9) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.03 (9) (a) Subject to pars. (b) and (c) and except as provided in par. (bm), the department shall, biennially, determine each fee for an initial credential for which no examination is required, for a reciprocal credential, and for a credential renewal by doing all of the following:

History: 1977 c. 418 ss. 24, 792; 1979 c. 34, 221, 337; 1981 c. 94; 1985 a. 29, 340; 1989 a. 31, 340; 1991 a. 39; 1993 a. 16, 102, 107, 443, 445, 490, 491; 1995 a. 27 ss. 6472g. 6472g, 9126 (19); 1995 a. 233; 1997 a. 27, 75, 79; 1997 a. 191 ss. 312, 313, 318; 1997 a. 231, 237; 1997 a. 261 ss. 1 to 4, 7, 10, 13; 1997 a. 311; 1999 a. 9, 32; 2001 a. 16, 66, 80; 2003 a. 151; 2005 a. 25; 2007 a. 20 ss. 3449 to 3462, 9121 (6) (a); 2007 a. 153, 189; 2009 a. 28, 130, 276, 282, 355; 2011 a. 32, 146, 160, 190, 255.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: For most other credentials, DSPS establishes initial credential fees and renewal fees using the process under s. 440.03 (9) (a). I therefore created an exemption

SECTION 6. 440.03 (9) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

from this provision. Is that OK?

1	440.03 (9) (bm) The medicolegal investigation examining board may set the
2	amount of fees for licenses issued under s. 463.10 (5) (a), in accordance with s. 463.10
3	(5) (a) 3.'
4	SECTION 7. 440.05 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	440.05 Standard fees. (intro.) The following standard fees apply to all initial
6	credentials, except as provided in ss. 440.42, 440.43, 440.44, 440.51, 444.03, 444.11,
7	446.02 (2) (c), 447.04 (2) (c) 2., 449.17 (1m) (d), and 449.18 (2) (d), and 463.10 (2) (e)
8	and (5) (a) $3.$
9	History: 1977 c. 29, 418; 1979 c. 34; 1979 c. 175 s. \$3; 1979 c. 221 s. 2202 (45); 1983 a. 27; 1985 a. 29; 1987 a. 264, 265, 329, 399, 403; 1989 a. 31, 229, 307, 316, 336, 340, 341, 359; 1991 a. 39, 269, 278, 315; 1993 a. 16; 1995 a. 27; 1997 a. 27, 96; 1999 a. 9; 2001 a. 16; 2003 a. 150, 270, 285, 327; 2005 a. 25, 297; 2007 a. 20; 2011 a. 209.  SECTION 8. 440.08 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	440.08 (2) (a) (intro.) Except as provided in par. (b) and in ss. 440.51, 442.04,
11	444.03, 444.11, 447.04 (2) (c) 2., 448.065, 449.17 (1m) (d), and 449.18 (2) (d), and
2	463.10 (2) (d) and (5) (b) the renewal dates for credentials are as follows:
13	History: 1991 a. 39 ss. 3305, 3313; 1991 a. 78, 160, 167, 269, 278, 315; 1993 a. 3, 16, 102, 105, 107, 443, 463, 465; 1993 a. 490 ss. 228 to 230, 274, 275; 1995 a. 27, 233, 321, 322, 461; 1997 a. 27, 75, 81, 96, 156, 191, 237, 261, 300; 1999 a. 9, 32; 2001 a. 16, 70, 74, 80, 89; 2003 a. 150, 270, 285, 327; 2005 a. 25, 31, 242, 292, 297, 407; 2007 a. 20, 174, 189; 2009 a. 28, 29, 106, 130, 174, 282, 355, 360; 2011 a. 160, 190, 258; s. 35.17 correction in (3) (b).  SECTION 9. Chapter 463 of the statutes is created to read:
4	CHAPTER 463
15	MEDICOLEGAL INVESTIGATION
6	463.01 Definitions. In this chapter:
7	(1) "Board" means the medicolegal investigation examining board.
8	(2) "Medical examiner" means a non physician medical examiner or a
19	physician medical examiner.
05	(3) "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner,
21	a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, a medicolegal investigator, and any
22	individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner with an
23	investigation of a death. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" does not include

1	an individual performing solely administrative functions in the office of a coroner or
2	medical examiner.
3	(4) "Non physician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner
4	who is not a physician.
5	(5) "Physician" has the meaning given in s. 448.01 (5).
6	(6) "Physician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who
7	is a physician.
8	463.05 Powers and duties of board. (1) DUTIES. The board shall do all of
9	the following:
10	(a) Promulgate rules specifying standards and curricula for the educational
11	requirements for individuals who possess a license in medicolegal investigation.
12	(b) Ensure proper accreditation and handling of a cadaver dog.
13	(c) Establish regional training centers to provide the education described in s.
14	463.10 (3) and (5).
15	(d) Monitor compliance with the licensure requirements under this chapter.
16	(e) Oversee coordination of training and standards for coroners, medical
17	examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members by certifying instructors
18	and approving curricula.
19	(2) Powers. The board may promulgate and enforce any rules not inconsistent
20	with this chapter to enforce this chapter.
21	463.10 License required; requirements to maintain license. (1) LICENSE
22	REQUIRED. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), no person may perform a death
23	investigation or perform the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal
24	investigation staff member without a license in medicolegal investigation issued
25	under this chapter.

\*\*\*\*Note: Do you want to specify in further detail what a death investigation is?

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Do you want to specify penalties for a violation of this provision, or for violations of other provisions in this chapter?

1	(b) A physician medical examiner is not required to have a medicolegal
2	investigation license issued under this chapter.
3	(2) Issuing of licenses. (a) The board shall issue a license in medicolegal
4	investigation to an individual who is elected as a coroner or appointed to fill a
5	vacancy as a coroner at the time the individual is sworn into the office of coroner.
6	(b) The board shall issue a license in medicolegal investigation to an individual
7	who is a non physician medical examiner at the time the individual is appointed to
8	the position of medical examiner.
9	(c) The board shall issue a license in medicolegal investigation to a medicolegal
10	investigation staff member at the time the individual is hired by a coroner or medical
11	examiner as a medicolegal investigation staff member.
12	(d) A license issued under par. (a), (b), or (c) is permanent unless revoked under
13	sub. (4) (a).
	****NOTE: I provided that a license is permanent unless revoked, unlike most other credentials, which must be renewed on a two-year cycle with statutorily set renewal dates. Is this consistent with your intent?
14	(e) No fee is required for a license issued under par. (a), (b), or (c).
	****NOTE: Most credentials require an initial fee. I provided that no such fee is required for a license issued by the board under this subsection. Is that consistent with your intent?

15 (3) EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS. (a) Except as provided in par. (c), each coroner, non-physician medical examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member who possesses a license in medicolegal investigation issued under sub. (2) shall satisfy all of the following requirements:

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1. In the 2-year period beginning on the date of being sworn in, appointed, or 1 2 hired, and in each 2-year period thereafter, complete 24 hours of education as 3 prescribed by the board. 4 2. In the 2-year period beginning on the date of being sworn in, appointed, or hired, satisfy any of the following: 5 6 a. In addition to the hours of education specified in subd. 1., complete 16 hours 7 of education as prescribed by the board. b. Obtain a waiver in the method described under par. (b). (b) The board may grant a waiver of the education requirement under par. (a) 2. a. to a coroner, non-physician medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff (10) 11 member who holds a credential, in good standing, from a nationally recognized 12 accreditation organization specializing in death investigation education and who 13 applies to the board for a waiver from the additional education requirement under par. (a) 2. a. in the method prescribed by the board. 14 15 (c) A coroner who is appointed to fill a vacancy and who has less than 2 years remaining in the term of office shall complete a prorated share of the 40 combined 16 hours of education required under par. (a) 1. and 2. a. based on the amount of time remaining in the term, as determined by the board. If the coroner is reelected after 19 completing a portion of a term of office, the coroner shall complete 40 hours of 20 education in the first 2 years after being sworn in following the first election but may

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Please review this language as we had not specifically discussed what happens in the event of a coroner appointment to fill a vacancy. I drafted this because I presumed that the start of a 2-year period should generally coincide with the beginning of a term of office to make things easier to keep track of.

subtract from the 40 hours any hours in excess of 24 hours of education completed

while serving the remainder of the preceding term of office.

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1	(d) Each coroner, non physician medical examiner, and medicolegal
2	investigation staff member licensed under sub. (2) (a), (b), or (c) shall report any
3	completed hours of education that are required under this subsection to the board,
4	in the manner prescribed by the board.
	****NOTE: This requires licensees to notify the board about completion of education requirements so that the board can monitor compliance with education requirements and knows whether it needs to revoke a license. Is this consistent with your intent?
5	(4) LICENSE REVOCATION. (a) The board shall revoke the license of any coroner,
<u></u>	non physician medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member
7	licensed under under sub. (2) (a), (b), or (c) who does not fulfill the requirements
8	under sub. (3) (a) to (c).
9	(b) If the board revokes a license under par. (a), the board shall do all of the
10	following:
11	1. If the holder of the revoked license is a coroner, send a statement to the
12	governor recommending removal of the coroner from office because of the license
13	revocation.
14	2. If the holder of the revoked license is a non-physician medical examiner,
15	send a statement to the county board or county executive, if applicable, of any county
<u>(16)</u>	in which the individual serves recommending dismissal of the non-physician
17	medical examiner because of license revocation.
18	3. If the holder of the revoked license is a medicolegal investigation staff
19	member, send a notice to the office in which the individual works notifying the
20	coroner or medical examiner of the license revocation.

(5) OPTIONAL LICENSE. (a) The board may issue a license in medicolegal

investigation to an individual who satisfies all of the following criteria:

1	1. The individual successfully completes 40 hours of education, as prescribed
2	by the board, and any additional requirements set by the board.
3	2. The individual applies to the board for a license in the manner prescribed
4	by the board.
5	3. The individual pays any licensing fee set by the board. If a licensing fee is
6	imposed, the board shall set that fee at an amount commensurate with the cost of
7	issuing licenses and monitoring compliance with the requirements under this
8	subsection.
9	(b) A license issued under par. (a) is permanent unless revoked under par. (c).
	****NOTE: I provided that a license is permanent unless revoked, unlike most other credentials which must be renewed every two years. Is this consistent with your intent?
10	(c) The board shall revoke a license in medicolegal investigation issued under
11	par. (a) issued to an individual who fails to do any of the following:
12	1. Obtain 24 hours of education, as prescribed by the board, in each 2-year
13	period after the date of issuance of the license.
14	2. Fulfill any other requirements of licensure as prescribed by the board.
	****NOTE: How, if at all, do you want to address individuals who obtain a license under this subsection and then are appointed, elected, or hired, making them eligible for a license under sub. (2)?
15	(d) Each individual who holds a license issued under par. (a) shall report any
16	completed hours of education that are required under this subsection to the board,
17	in the manner prescribed by the board.
	****NOTE: This requires licensees to notify the board about completion of education requirements so that the board knows whether it needs to revoke a license. Is this consistent with your intent?
18	SECTION 10. Nonstatutory provisions.
19	(1) Examining board; initial terms. Notwithstanding the length of terms
20	specified for the members of the medicolegal investigation examining board under

1	section 15.405 (18) of the statutes, as created by this act, 3 of the initial members
2	shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2015, 3 of the initial members shall
3	be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2016, 3 of the initial members shall be
4	appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2017, and the remaining 2 initial members
5	shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2018.
- 6 6	****NOTE: As is our practice, I provided for staggering of the terms of the initial board members. If you would like them to be staggered in a different way, or if you would like to specify which members must be appointed when, let me know.
Coer	11ke to specify which members must be appointed when, let me know.  Create ARI  CIPRENTLY SERVING INDUMPRIALS (6) In this subsection:
K 1	(V) C'HODENIELV CEDUTATO INTERTENTALO (à) Im Abia cabacation.

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1. "Medical examiner" means a non physician medical examiner or a physician medical examiner.

- 2. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner, a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, a medicolegal investigator, and any individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner with an investigation of a death. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" does not include an individual performing solely administrative functions in the office of a coroner or medical examiner.
- 3. "Non-physician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who is not a physician.
  - 4. "Physician" has the meaning given in section 448.01 (5) of the statutes.
- 5. "Physician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who is a physician.
- (b) Notwithstanding section 463.10 (2) of the statutes, as created by this act, the medicolegal investigation examining board shall issue a license in medicolegal investigation to every individual who is serving as coroner, non  $\widehat{\mathcal{L}}$  physician medical

a created by this acts

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- examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member in this state on the effective date of this paragraph.
  - (c) Notwithstanding section 463.10 (2) (a) 1. and 2. (intro.) of the statutes, as created by this act, and except as provided in paragraph (d), for a non-physician medical examiner, medicolegal investigation staff member, or coroner who is issued a license under paragraph (b), the 2-year period, for purposes of section 463.10 (2) (a) 1. and 2. (intro.) of the statutes, as created by this act, begins on on the effective date of this paragraph.
  - years remaining in the term of office on the effective date of this paragraph and who is unable to satisfy the education requirements described under section 463.10 (3)

    (a) 1. and 2. of the statutes, as created by this act, shall complete a prorated share of the 40 hours of education required under section 463.10 (a) 1. and 2. a. of the statutes, as created by this act, based on the amount of time remaining in the term, as determined by the medicolegal investigation examining board. If reelected, the coroner shall complete 40 hours of education in the first 2 years after being sworn in following the next election but may subtract from the 40 hours any hours in excess of 24 hours of education completed while serving the remainder of the preceding term of office.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: These nonstatutory provisions address individuals who are currently serving in office or as staff at the time the licensure requirement goes into effect because the statute only addresses licensure of newly elected, appointed, or hired individuals but requires a license to perform the investigations. Please advise if you would like these individuals handled differently.

(3) EDUCATION. The medicolegal investigation examining board shall enter into a contract with a person to perform the temporary function of educating coroners,

SECTION 10

medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members and local governments about the requirements of this chapter.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Does this provision reflect your intent? How long would the education under this provision be conducted? If it would extend beyond July 1, 2016, this provision should be placed in the statutes.

#### SECTION 11. Effective date.

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- 4 (1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after publication.
  - \*\*\*\*NOTE: To provide time for appointment of the board, creation of the training programs and education requirements, and other elements of the draft, there should be a delayed effective date. I have inserted a one—year delay for purposes of discussion, but you may want to discuss with DSPS to determine how long it would take to implement the requirements in this draft.

(END)

nas defined in subsection (ARI) (AR2) AR301

from P. 10

#### Duchek, Michael

From:

Franzen, Karl

Sent:

Tuesday, July 02, 2013 4:50 PM

To: Subject:

Duchek, Michael FW: Coroner questions

#### Michael -

Sorry for the delay. My answers with back and forth for clarity.

There are some references in the draft to "training," notably a requirement to establish training centers. Is "training" meant to be synonymous with education or is it something different (i.e., does it refer to the mandatory education)? If it is the same thing, I would recommend changing references to "training" to "education"/"educational." Otherwise it looks like "training" and "education" are two different things.

"Training" and "education" are different. "Training" is going to refer to the initial 40-hour requirement that will be selected by the Board and will essentially be a concise certification course. "Education" refers to the 24 hours of continuing education needed after initial "training" is obtained, also determined by Board, but broader and more flexible, including conferences, etc.

a. I understand. Since there is this distinction between training and education, I would like to make this more clear in the draft and label them as such. Is that OK? Or, as I said, I could just use "education" because training is in a sense a type of education. I don't think it really matters, but let me know your preference.

We prefer a distinction.

b. Following up on that—should the "regional training centers" be called "regional training and education centers"? If not, and if the intent is that the regional training centers only be temporary for this biennium, we may want to move them to a nonstatutory provision because we don't want to leave an ongoing requirement if they aren't going to have these training centers beyond the biennium.

We want to convey that training should be completed regionally; however, the Board and DSPS will be determining training coordination. Therefore, rather than specifying centers, about about "coordinate regional training and education described..."

Speaking of the training centers, will all education be provided in the training centers or will there be privately-offered education that would count toward the requirements? If so, could one get reimbursed for taking a private education course or is the subsidized education only for the education offered through the training centers? Let me know if you need me to explain this further or if the premise of my question is off somehow.

Both the training and especially education could conceivably be received privately or even outside of Wisconsin, however for this purpose, there should not be reimbursement for that. The initial round of trainings are to be free to coroners/counties. The intent is that training will be provided over the course of the biennium to get all existing coroners up to speed; however, once that is complete, future training for new coroners and education for existing coroners will be at their cost, unless future funding is secured.

I understand. However, is there going to be *ongoing* state-provided training/education *after* the biennium? In that case it sounds like individuals would be paying the state for their education and I need to make sure there is an appropriation for the money people pay the state for their education so it goes to somewhere, otherwise it would be the general fund. And if there will be ongoing state-provided training/education, the draft should provide the Board with authority to conduct training and charge fees for that training/education. However, if it will all be privately provided after that point, then we might be OK without that.

We would want to assume that DSPS will continue coordination and provision of training. Therefore, yes – authority to conduct and charge with revenue staying with DSPS to cover training costs.

On page 5, please compare paragraph (a) (lines 11-12) and paragraph (e) (lines 17-19). These provisions seem to overlap a bit. I would recommend rewording paragraph (e) to eliminate any redundancy. I assume the reference to "instructors" would be referring to instructors who teach mandatory educational courses (but see also question 2, above)? So my recommendation would be to possibly change paragraph (e) to just say "Certify instructors to who may provide the education described under 463.10 (3) and (4)."

I agree there is overlap in the "approving curricula" aspect. As far as your re-wording suggestion for (e): The Board would not be certifying instructors, rather approving the certifications necessary for instruction. Likely, the board will approve a nationally recognized certification that will satisfy the training. The organization that actually develops that training will determine the certification process for the training instructors. By approving that curriculum for the training, the Board will approve those certified to teach it as instructors for our purpose...does that make sense? Therefore, what if (e) was changed to just drop "approve curricula"?

Could we say something like "(e) Approving certification standards for instructors to conduct the education [and training] required under s. 463.10 (3) and (4)."? Or is there something else in this paragraph that is still needed?

Yes, see above for coordination

Is the term "medicolegal investigator" as used on page 4, line 22 and page 10, line 12 redundant? I ask because it is not defined and the draft already references a chief deputy coroner, a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, and any individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner. Are there medicolegal investigators who fall outside of these roles? If you want to keep the reference to "medicolegal investigator," can it be defined or can we somehow explain what that is that is distinct from the other listed people?

Medicolegal investigator is an industry term and understood in that industry as someone who conducts a death investigation. It is redundant in these sentences because of the catch all language "any individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner with an investigation of a death" (bold being the important part of that phrase)

I agree and I assume this means it's OK to delete the reference to "medicolegal investigator" then. If not, let me know.

Delete

Also, after consulting with DSPS about the technological abilities of DSPS to do licensing terms specific to individual or fixed, we are going to make the 4 year licenses fixed term consistent with coroner elections (really their start dates after the election). This would create issue of partial licenses with any appointed/partial terms and medical examiners. In these cases, if more than a year remains to renewal date, the 40 hour training would apply. If there is under a year, a license would be issued with no training/education requirement.

Karl F. Franzen
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Thanks,

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From: Duchek, Michael

Sent: Tuesday, June 25, 2013 11:09 AM

To: Franzen, Karl

**Subject:** Coroner questions

Karl,

I am finishing a /P2 draft of your coroner bill. I have a number of additional questions that came up, and thought you could answer a few now before I get it out to you:

- 1.) There are some references in the draft to "training," notably a requirement to establish training centers. Is "training" meant to be synonymous with education or is it something different (i.e., does it refer to the mandatory education)? If it is the same thing, I would recommend changing references to "training" to "education"/"educational." Otherwise it looks like "training" and "education" are two different things.
- 2.) Speaking of the training centers, will all education be provided in the training centers or will there be privately-offered education that would count toward the requirements? If so, could one get reimbursed for taking a private education course or is the subsidized education only for the education offered through the training centers? Let me know if you need me to explain this further or if the premise of my question is off somehow.
- 3.) On page 5, please compare paragraph (a) (lines 11-12) and paragraph (e) (lines 17-19). These provisions seem to overlap a bit. I would recommend rewording paragraph (e) to eliminate any redundancy. I assume the reference to "instructors" would be referring to instructors who teach mandatory educational courses (but see also question 2, above)? So my recommendation would be to possibly change paragraph (e) to just say "Certify instructors to who may provide the education described under 463.10 (3) and (4)."
- 1.) Is the term "medicolegal investigator" as used on page 4, line 22 and page 10, line 12 redundant? I ask because it is not defined and the draft already references a chief deputy coroner, a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, and any individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner. Are there medicolegal investigators who fall outside of these roles? If you want to keep the reference to "medicolegal investigator," can it be defined or can we somehow explain what that is that is distinct from the other listed people?

Any questions about my questions, let me know.

Mike Duchek Legislative Attorney Wisconsin Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-0130

#### Duchek, Michael

From:

Franzen, Karl

Sent:

Friday, June 14, 2013 5:09 PM

To: Subject: Duchek, Michael RE: Coroner changes

Hi Michael,

Keep appropriation.

Renewal dates should be 2 years, individual to the person being licensed. Therefore, if someone gets licensed June 14, 2013, then it would expire June 14, 2015.

We understand that most DSPS licenses have a fee. While we want them to start at no-fee, the board should have the authority to set a fee in the future.

#### **LRB 2478**

Page 2, Line 12: The public member will adhere to provisions of s. 15.08 (1m)

Page 2, Line 20: We are going to see what the fiscal comes back as, rather than define appropriation in the bill.

Does this mean you want us to put zeroes here instead? You could then insert the amounts later, via an amendment if necessary.

Page 3, Line 6: We are going to eliminate the Cadaver Dog

Page 4, Lines 2-4: Yes, create exemption so that board determines license fee, not DSPS

Page 6, Line 2 (second note): Penalty for unlicensed death investigation consistent with penalties under s. 979.01 (2)

Page 6, Lines 14-15: We do not want to make the license permanent unless revoked, rather make renewing.

Most DSPS/credentialing board credentials are issued on a 2-year basis with a set renewal date (such as "July 1 of the even-numbered year). Please confirm how long you want a license to be valid and what kind of renewal date you would like.

Page 6, Line 16: No fee for initial license; however, board should be able to revisit

I am not sure what you mean by "board should be able to revisit." Please clarify.

Page 7, Lines 17-25: License length is independent of office...no pro-rating is necessary. Keep 2 years.

Page 8, Lines 1-4: It is up to the coroner/ME to provide the department with documentation.

Page 9, Line11: I think it should be a reissued credential, consistent with others

#### Same question as above

Page 9, Line 16 (note): Trainings at 2 year intervals are specific to individuals, not to terms of office....similar to reasoning above regarding pro-rated training requirements.

Page 9, Line 19: Yes, non-coroners/MEs licensed by DSPS have responsibility to informing DSPS of training Page 10, Lines 1-7: Lets space differently There 4 natural groups of interests on the board: 1 – coroner, ME, forensic pathologist; 2 – Sheriff, police, counties; 3 – DA, AG, Public Defender 4 – funeral director, public member Draft such that that there are new people every two years, so first terms would expire 2016; 1018; 2020 (assuming start 2014). The 2020 group would ME; AG; Counties/2018 – Coroner; Sheriff; Public Defender; funeral Director/2016 – Forensic path; Police; DA; Public. In other words, one from each group each time but spaced out so it is not every single year.

Page 11, Line 10-19: The pro-rated training requirement is not necessary.

Page 11, Line 20-Page 12, Line 2: Cut out this project position but clarify that DSPS will provide education to coroners.

#### Duchek, Michael

From:

Franzen, Karl

Sent:

Monday, June 17, 2013 9:41 AM

To: Subject: Duchek, Michael RE: Coroner changes

Michael,

Thanks. I'm okay with separate. We will want to review again prior to combining, if possible. Thanks. I understand the time demands of the budget, but would appreciate updates if anything unusual comes up.

Karl F. Franzen
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----Original Message-----From: Duchek, Michael

Sent: Friday, June 14, 2013 9:58 PM

To: Franzen, Karl

Subject: RE: Coroner changes

Thanks Karl. Having a variable renewal date would be unusual but we should be able to draft it. Budget takes priority right now but I will try to get something out to you soon with those changes. I will keep the two drafts separate for now to expedite things but if you really prefer a combined draft next let me know and we can do it but it might take a litle longer than if I keep them separate.

#### Mike

----Original Message-----From: Franzen, Karl

Sent: Fri 6/14/2013 5:08 PM

To: Duchek, Michael

Subject: RE: Coroner changes

Hi Michael,

Keep appropriation.

Renewal dates should be 2 years, individual to the person being licensed. Therefore, if someone gets licensed June 14, 2013, then it would expire June 14, 2015.

We understand that most DSPS licenses have a fee. While we want them to start at no-fee, the board should have the authority to set a fee in the future.

#### **LRB 2478**

Page 2, Line 12: The public member will adhere to provisions of s. 15.08 (1m) Page 2, Line 20: We are going to see what the fiscal comes back as, rather than define appropriation in the bill.

Does this mean you want us to put zeroes here instead? You could then insert the amounts later, via an amendment if necessary.

Page 3, Line 6: We are going to eliminate the Cadaver Dog Page 4, Lines 2-4: Yes, create exemption so that board determines license fee, not DSPS Page 6, Line 2 (second note): Penalty for unlicensed death investigation consistent with penalties under s. 979.01 (2) Page 6, Lines 14-15: We do not want to make the license permanent unless revoked, rather make renewing.

Most DSPS/credentialing board credentials are issued on a 2-year basis with a set renewal date (such as "July 1 of the even-numbered year). Please confirm how long you want a license to be valid and what kind of renewal date you would like.

Page 6, Line 16: No fee for initial license; however, board should be able to revisit I am not sure what you mean by "board should be able to revisit." Please clarify.

Page 7, Lines 17-25: License length is independent of office.no pro-rating is necessary. Keep 2 years.

Page 8, Lines 1-4: It is up to the coroner/ME to provide the department with documentation.

Page 9, Line11: I think it should be a reissued credential, consistent with others Same question as above Page 9, Line 16 (note): Trainings at 2 year intervals are specific to individuals, not to terms of office..similar to reasoning above regarding pro-rated training requirements.

Page 9, Line 19: Yes, non-coroners/MEs licensed by DSPS have responsibility to informing DSPS of training Page 10, Lines 1-7: Lets space differently There 4 natural groups of interests on the board: 1 - coroner, ME, forensic pathologist; 2 - Sheriff, police, counties; 3 - DA, AG, Public Defender 4 - funeral director, public member Draft such that that there are new people every two years, so first terms would expire 2016; 1018; 2020 (assuming start 2014). The 2020 group would ME; AG; Counties/2018 - Coroner; Sheriff; Public Defender; funeral Director/2016 - Forensic path; Police; DA; Public. In other words, one from each group each time but spaced out so it is not every single year.

Page 11, Line 10-19: The pro-rated training requirement is not necessary.

Page 11, Line 20-Page 12, Line 2: Cut out this project position but clarify that DSPS will provide education to coroners.

#### Duchek, Michael

From:

Franzen, Karl

Sent:

Wednesday, June 19, 2013 1:44 PM Dodge, Tamara; Duchek, Michael

To: Subject:

Coroner License Term

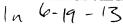
I apologize for the change; however, we would like the license to be a 4 year license, as opposed to two. The number of training hours remain the same – 40 for new licensees, 24 for renewals, but over a 4 year. Please let me know if you have questions.

Thank you.

Karl F. Franzen
Office of Rep. Amy Sue Vruwink
State Capitol, Room 112 North
P.O. Box 8953, Madison, WI 53708-8953
608-266-8366 (office) | 888-534-0070 (toll free)
karl.franzen@legis.wisconsin.gov



# State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE





Inserts

# PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT to amend 20.165 (1) (g), 440.03 (9) (a) (intro.), 440.05 (intro.) and 440.08 1 2 (2) (a) (intro.); and to create 15.405 (18), 20.165 (1) (b), 440.03 (9) (bm) and 3 chapter 463 of the statutes; relating to: creating a medicolegal investigation examining board; licensure of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members; granting rule-making authority; and making an 5 appropriation and providing a penalty 6

# Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a subsequent version of this draft.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- 7 SECTION 1. 15.405 (18) of the statutes is created to read:
- 8 15.405 (18) MEDICOLEGAL INVESTIGATION EXAMINING BOARD. There is created a
- 9 medicolegal investigation examining board in the department of safety and

1	professional services that shall consist of the following members appointed for
2	6-year terms:
3	(a) One coroner, one medical examiner, and one forensic pathologist, each of
4	whom are members of the Wisconsin Coroners and Medical Examiners Association.
5	(b) One licensed funeral director.
6	(c) One member of the Wisconsin District Attorneys' Association.
7	(d) One member of the Wisconsin Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs Association.
8	(e) One member of the Wisconsin Chiefs of Police Association.
9	(f) One member of the Wisconsin Counties Association.
10	(g) The attorney general or his or her designee.
11	(h) The state public defender or his or her designee.
12	(i) One public member.
	****NOTE: Note that the public member appointed to the board will be subject to the provisions in s. 15.08 (1m), stats. If that person should be exempted from any of those provisions, let me know.
13	SECTION 2. 20.005 (3) (schedule) of the statutes: at the appropriate place, insert
14	the following amounts for the purposes indicated:
15	2013-14 2014-15
16	20.165 Safety and professional services,
17	department of.
18	(1) Professional regulation and administrative
19	SERVICES
20	(b) \( \int \) Medicolegal investigation
21	GPR B 750,000 750,000
	****Note: By law, unless there is an emergency, this bill may not pass until after the budget.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Please confirm that this is the appropriate type of appropriation you want created and how much money you want specified in each fiscal year, for purposes of base budgeting in succeeding fiscal biennia.

**SECTION 3.** 20.165 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

20.165 (1) (b) Medicolegal investigation examining board. Biennially, the amounts in the schedule to provide the first 40 hours of education for each licensed coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member under s. 463.10; to establish regional training centers under s. 463.05 (1) (6); to obtain, accredit, and provide for handling for a cadaver dog; and to provide support to the medicolegal investigation examining board in the performance of its duties and functions.

SECTION 4. 20.165 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.165 (1) (g) General program operations. The amounts in the schedule for the licensing, rule making, and regulatory functions of the department, other than the licensing, rule-making, and credentialing functions of the medical examining board and the affiliated credentialing boards attached to the medical examining board and except for preparing, administering, and grading examinations. Ninety percent of all moneys received under chs. 440 to 480, except ch. chs. 448 and 463, ss. 440.03 (13), 440.05 (1) (b), and 446.02 (3) (a), less \$10 of each renewal fee received under s. 452.12 (5), and all moneys transferred from the appropriation under par. (i) and all moneys received under s. 440.055 (2), shall be credited to this appropriation.

**SECTION 5.** 440.03 (9) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

440.03 (9) (a) Subject to pars. (b) and (c) and except as provided in par. (bm), the department shall, biennially, determine each fee for an initial credential for which no examination is required, for a reciprocal credential, and for a credential renewal by doing all of the following:

\*\*\*\*NOTE: For most other credentials, DSPS establishes initial credential fees and renewal fees using the process under s. 440.03 (9) (a). I therefore created an exemption 9 determine from this provision. Is that OK? **SECTION 6.** 440.03 (9) (bm) of the statutes is created to read: 1 440.03 (9) (bm) The medicolegal investigation examining board may/set) the amount offees for licenses issued under s. 463.10 (5) (a), in accordance with s. 463.10 (5) (a) 3. e 463.05 (2)(a). **SECTION 7.** 440.05 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 5 6 440.05 Standard fees. (intro.) The following standard fees apply to all initial credentials, except as provided in ss. 440.42, 440.43, 440.44, 440.51, 444.03, 444.11, 463.05(3)(6) 7 8 446.02 (2) (c), 447.04 (2) (c) 2., 449.17 (1m) (d), and 449.18 (2) (d), and 463.10 (2) (e) and (5) (a) 3) 9 Ins 4-10 10 SECTION 8. 440.08 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 440.08 (2) (a) (intro.) Except as provided in par. (b) and in ss. 440.51, 442.04, 11 12 444.03, 444.11, 447.04 (2) (c) 2., 448.065, 449.17 (1m)/(d), and 449.18 (2) (d), and 463.10 (2) (d) and (5) (b) the renewal dates for credentials are as follows: 13 14 **SECTION 9.** Chapter 463 of the statutes is created to read: 15 **CHAPTER 463** MEDICOLEGAL INVESTIGATION 16 17 463.01 **Definitions.** In this chapter: (1) "Board" means the medicolegal investigation examining board. 18 (2) "Medical examiner" means a nonphysician medical examiner or a physician 19 medical examiner. 20 21 (3) "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner, 22 a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, a medicolegal investigator, and any

individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner with an

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1 investigation of a death. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" does not include 2 an individual performing solely administrative functions in the office of a coroner or 3 medical examiner. (4) "Nonphysician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner 4 5 who is not a physician. 6 (5) "Physician" has the meaning given in s. 448.01 (5). 7 (6) "Physician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who 8 is a physician. 9 463.05 Powers and duties of board. (1) DUTIES. The board shall do all of 10 the following: 11 (a) Promulgate rules specifying standards and curricula for the educational 12 requirements for individuals who possess a license in medicolegal investigation. (b) Ensure proper accreditation and handling of a cadaver dog. 13 (c) (Establish regional training centers to provide the education described in s. 14 463.10 (3) and (5). 15 (d) Monitor compliance with the licensure requirements under this chapter. 16 17 Oversee coordination of training and standards for coroners, medical 18 examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members by certifying instructors and approving curricula. (2) Powers. The board may promulgate and enforce any rules not inconsistent with this chapter to enforce this chapter. 463.10 License required; requirements to maintain license. (1) LICENSE REQUIRED. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), no person may perform a death

investigation or perform the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal

1	investigation staff member without a license in medicolegal investigation issued
2	under this chapter.
	****Note: Do you want to specify in further detail what a death investigation is?  ****Note: Do you want to specify penalties for a violation of this provision, or for violations of other provisions in this chapter?
3	(b) A physician medical examiner is not required to have a medicolegal
4	investigation license issued under this chapter.
5	(2) Issuing of Licenses. (a) The board shall issue a license in medicolegal
6	investigation to an individual who is elected as a coroner or appointed to fill a
7	vacancy as a coroner at the time the individual is sworn into the office of coroner.
8	(b) The board shall issue a license in medicolegal investigation to an individual
9	who is a nonphysician medical examiner at the time the individual is appointed to
10	the position of medical examiner.
11	(c) The board shall issue a license in medicolegal investigation to a medicolegal
12	investigation staff member at the time the individual is hired by a coroner or medical
13	examiner as a medicolegal investigation staff member.
14	(d) A license issued under par. (a), (b), or (c) is permanent unless revoked under
15	sub. (4) (a).
	****Note: I provided that a license is permanent unless revoked, unlike most other credentials, which must be renewed on a two-year cycle with statutorily set renewal dates. Is this consistent with your intent?
16	(e) No fee is required for a license issued under par. (a), (b), or (c).
	****Note: Most credentials require an initial fee. I provided that no such fee is required for a license issued by the board under this subsection. Is that consistent with your intent?
17	(3) EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS. (a) Except as provided in par. (c), each coroner,
18	nonphysician medical examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member who

1	possesses a license in medicolegal investigation issued under sub. (2) shall satisfy all
2	of the following requirements:
3	1. In the y-year period beginning on the date of being sworn in, appointed, or
(4)	hired, and in each year period thereafter, complete 24 hours of education as
5	prescribed by the board.  9 the license is issued 3
6	2. In the year period beginning on the date of being sworn in, appointed, or
(7)	hired satisfy any of the following:
8	a. In addition to the hours of education specified in subd. 1., complete 16 hours
9	of education as prescribed by the board.
10	b. Obtain a waiver in the method described under par. (b).
11	(b) The board may grant a waiver of the education requirement under par. (a)
12	2. a. to a coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff
13	member who holds a credential, in good standing, from a nationally recognized
14	accreditation organization specializing in death investigation education and who
15	applies to the board for a waiver from the additional education requirement under
16	par. (a) 2. a. in the method prescribed by the board.
17	(c) A coroner who is appointed to fill a vacancy and who has less than 2 years
18	remaining in the term of office shall complete a prorated share of the 40 combined
19	hours of education required under par. (a) 1. and 2. a., less any hours waived under
20	subd. 2. b., based on the amount of time remaining in the term, as determined by the
21	board. If the coroner is reelected after completing a portion of a term of office, the
22	coroner shall complete 40 hours of education in the first 2 years after being sworn
23	in following the first election but may subtract from the 40 hours any hours in excess
24	of 24 hours of education completed while serving the remainder of the preceding term
25	of office.

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\*\*\*\*Note: Please review this language as we had not specifically discussed what happens in the event of a coroner appointment to fill a vacancy. I drafted this because I presumed that the start of a 2-year period should generally coincide with the beginning of a term of office to make things easier to keep track of.

(d) Each coroner, nonphysician medical examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member licensed under sub. (2) (a), (b), or (c) shall report any

in the manner prescribed by the board.

\*\*\*\*Note: This requires licensees to notify the board about completion of education requirements so that the board can monitor compliance with education requirements and knows whether it needs to revoke a license. It this consistent with your intent?

dompleted hours of education that are required under this subsection to the board

(4) LICENSE REVOCATION. (a) The board shall revoke the license of any coroner, ponphysician medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member licensed under under sub. (2) (a), (b), or (c) who does not fulfill the requirements under sub. (3) (a) to (c).

(b) If the board revokes a license under par. (a), the board shall de all of the following:

1. If the holder of the revoked license is a coroner, send a statement to the covernor recommending removal of the coroner from office because of the license revocation

2. If the holder of the revoked license is a nonphysician medical examiner, send a statement to the county board or county executive, if applicable, of any county in which the individual serves recommending dismissal of the nonphysician medical examiner's failure to renew the examiner because of license revocation.

3. If the holder of the revoked license is a medicolegal investigation staff member, send a notice to the office in which the individual works notifying the coroner or medical examiner of the license revocation?

Move top, 5

requirements so that the board knows whether it needs to revoke a license. Is this

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SECTION 10. Nonstatutory provisions.

consistent with your intent?

(1) Examining Board; initial terms. Notwithstanding the length of terms specified for the members of the medicologal investigation examining board under section 15.405 (18) of the statutes, as created by this act, 3 of the initial members shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2015, 3 of the initial members shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2016, 3 of the initial members shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2017, and the remaining 2 initial members shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2018.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: As is our practice, I provided for staggering of the terms of the initial board members. If you would like them to be staggered in a different way, or if you would like to specify which members must be appointed when, let me know.

- (2) CURRENTLY SERVING INDIVIDUALS. (a) In this subsection:
- 1. "Medical examiner" means a nonphysician medical examiner or a physician medical examiner.
- 2. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" includes a chief deputy coroner, a deputy coroner, a deputy medical examiner, a medicolegal investigator, and any individual who assists the office of a coroner or medical examiner with an investigation of a death. "Medicolegal investigation staff member" does not include an individual performing solely administrative functions in the office of a coroner or medical examiner.
- 3. "Nonphysician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who is not a physician.
  - 4. "Physician" has the meaning given in section 448.01 (5) of the statutes.
- 5. "Physician medical examiner" means an appointed medical examiner who is a physician.
- (b) Notwithstanding section 463.10 (2) of the statutes, as created by this act, gan initial the medicolegal investigation examining board shall issue alicense in medicolegal

SECTION 10 1 investigation to every individual who is serving as coroner, nonphysician medical 2 examiner, and medicolegal investigation staff member in this state on the effective date of this paragraph. [ Ins 11-3 (c) Notwithstanding section 463.10(2)(a) 1. and 2. (intro.) of the statutes, as 5 created by this act, and except as provided in paragraph (d), for a nonphysician medical examiner, medicolegal investigation staff member, or coroner who is issued a license under paragraph (b), the 2-year period, for purposes of section 463.10(2) (a) 1. and 2. (intro.) of the statutes, as created by this act, begins on on the effective 8 9 date of this paragraph. 10 (d) A coroner who is issued a license under paragraph (b) who has less than 2 years remaining in the term of office on the effective date of this paragraph shall 11 complete a prorated share of the 40 hours of education required under section 463.10 12 13 (3) (a) 1. and 2. a. of the statutes, as created by this act. less any hours waived under 14 section 463.10(3)(a) 2.b. of the statutes, as created by this act, based on the amount of time remaining in the term, as determined by the medicolegal investigation 15 examining board. If reelected, the coroner shall complete 40 hours of education in 16 17 the first 2 years after being sworp in following the next election but may subtract

19 serving the remainder of the preceding term of office

\*\*\*\*Note: These nonstatutory provisions address individuals who are currently serving in office or as staff at the time the licensure requirement goes into effect because the statute only addresses licensure of newly elected, appointed, or hired individuals but requires a license to perform the investigations. Please advise if you would like these individuals handled differently.

from the 40 hours any hours in excess of 24 hours of education completed while

(3) EDUCATION. The medicolegal investigation examining board shall enter into a contract with a person to perform the temporary function of educating coroners,

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- medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members, as defined in subsection (2) (a) 2., and local governments about the requirements of this chapter.

  NOTE: Does this provision reflect your intent? How long would the education under this provision be conducted? If it would extend beyond July 1, 2016, this provision should be placed in the statutes.

  SECTION 11. Effective date.
- 4 (1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after publication.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: To provide time for appointment of the board, creation of the training programs and education requirements, and other elements of the draft, there should be a delayed effective date. I have inserted a one-year delay for purposes of discussion, but you may want to discuss with DSPS to determine how long it would take to implement the requirements in this draft.

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## 2013-2014 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2478/P2ins MED:...:...

#### INSERT 4-10

SECTION 1. 440.08 (2) (a) 46t. of the statutes is created to read:

440.08 (2) (a) 46t. Medicolegal investigation: 2 years from the date of issuance of the initial license and, for subsequent renewals, every 2 years thereafter.

#### INSERT 5-19A

4 (e) If a license issued under s. 463.10 is not renewed, do whichever of the following is applicable with respect to the holder of the license:

#### INSERT 5-19B

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Because you said that the license should be renewable on a year cycle and that the Board may in the future require a licensure fee, I had to restructure a number of provisions. Now, submitting compliance with the educational requirements and any required fee are conditions of renewal (as is typically the case with other credentials) and the Board must notify the Governor, county board, or office of the failure to renew the license, instead of having the Board revoke the license. Are these changes OK?

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Nothing in the bill requires the Board to be notified when an individual who must be licensed is elected, hired, or appointed, and nothing requires the Board to be notified if such an individual leaves his or her position. Do you want anything in the bill to address this?

#### INSERT 5-20

(a) Impose fees for initial licenses or for license renewals under s. 463.10 (2) and (4). If the board imposes any fee under this paragraph, the board shall set the fee at an amount commensurate with the cost of issuing licenses and monitoring compliance with the requirements under this section.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Please review this provision, which allows the Board to establish licensing fees for initial licenses and license renewals. Does this accomplish your intent? Also, note that, as drafted, SECTION 4 of the bill directs that all licensure fees would be deposited directly into the general fund and SECTION 5 provides an independent, biennial GPR appropriation. Do you instead want to direct those fees for the functions of the Board created in the bill?

(b) Promulgate

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\*\*\*\*NOTE: See created section 463.15, below, which makes it a misdemeanor to practice as a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member without a license or to perform a death investigation without a license. Since performing death investigations is presumably one of the functions of coroners, medical examiners, and medicolegal investigation staff members, would it make more sense to remove the reference to performing a death investigation without a license? Do you want to specify in further detail what the functions of a coroner, medical examiner, or medicolegal investigation staff member are, for purposes of this provision?

#### INSERT 6-6

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if all of the following are satisfied:

- 1. The individual is elected as a coroner, is appointed to fill a vacancy as a coroner, is appointed to the position of medical examiner and is not a physician, or is hired by a coroner or medical examiner to serve as a medicolegal investigation staff member.
  - 2. The individual pays any fee imposed by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a).
- (b) License renewal. The renewal date for a license issued under this subsection is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a), and the fee for renewal of a license, if any, is determined by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a). Before any renewal license is delivered to an individual, the individual shall furnish to the board proof of completing all hours of education that are required under sub. (3) (a), subject to any waiver granted under sub. (3) (b).

#### INSERT 9-11

- (b) License renewal. The renewal date for a license issued under this subsection is specified under s. 440.08 (2) (a), and the fee for renewal of a license, if any, is determined by the board under s. 463.05 (2) (a). Before any renewal license is delivered to an individual, the individual shall do all of the following:
- 1. Furnish to the board proof of completing, in the 2-year period preceding the renewal date, the educational requirement under sub. (3) (a) 1.

2.

### INSERT 9-19

463.15 Penalty. Any person who violates s. 463.10 (1) (a) shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than 90 days.

#### INSERT 10-1

- (6) Examining board; initial terms. Notwithstanding the length of terms specified for the members of the medicolegal investigation examining board under section 15.405 (18) of the statutes, as created by this act, initial appointments to the medicolegal investigation examining board shall be made as follows:
- (a) The forensic pathologist member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (c) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (e) of the statutes, as created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (i) of the statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2016.
- (b) The coroner member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (b) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (d) of the statutes, as created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (h) of the statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2018.
- (c) The medical examiner member under section 15.405 (18) (a) of the statutes, as created by this act; the member under section 15.405 (18) (f) of the statutes, as created by this act; and the member under section 15.405 (18) (g) of the statutes, as created by this act, shall be appointed for terms expiring on May 1, 2020.

## INSERT 11-4 3

No fee may be charged for an initial license issued under this paragraph.